CURRICULUM DESIGN

The curriculum design of the University of Pittsburgh Master of Occupational Therapy Program is based on the interaction of concepts from the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF) (WHO, 2001), and three primary roles of the occupational therapist. It is our belief that the interaction of these concepts and roles delineates the substance and the process of what occupational therapists do, and how they do it. Furthermore, the matrix of these interactions serves as an organizer for the relationship between the courses in our curriculum and the content within them.

**International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF) Concepts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental factors</th>
<th>make up the physical, social and attitudinal environment in which people live and conduct their lives.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Functioning</td>
<td>indicates non-problematic aspects of health and health-related states.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disability</td>
<td>indicates problematic aspects of health and health-related states.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participation</td>
<td>is involvement in a life situation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participation restrictions</td>
<td>are problems an individual may experience in involvement in life situations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>is the execution of a task or action by an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activity limitations</td>
<td>are difficulties an individual may have in executing activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body functions</td>
<td>are the physiological functions of body systems (including psychological functions).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Body structures</td>
<td>are anatomical parts of the body such as organs, limbs and their components.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impairments</td>
<td>are problems in body function or structure such as significant deviation or loss.</td>
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</table>

(Who, 2001, pp. 8, 10).

**Occupational Therapist Roles**

**Practitioner Role:** The occupational therapy practitioner, based on outcomes that are meaningful to clients, uses evaluation data to formulate and implement interventions to establish, restore, maintain, or enhance functional and structural integrity, activity, and participation in lifestyles that are optimally independent, productive, and satisfying to clients. Graduates will demonstrate the ability to:

- establish therapeutic relationships with clients and caregivers, and professional relationships with colleagues consistent with the Occupational Therapy Code of Ethics and Ethics Standards (AOTA, 2010);
- screen and evaluate client's participation and participation restrictions, activity and activity limitations, functional and structural integrity and impairments, and occupational environment; document the findings and accurately interpret the results;
- formulate, implement, and document an occupation-based intervention, using current best evidence, to enhance functioning and reduce or prevent disability;
- develop and implement a transition plan in collaboration with clients in preparation for the discontinuation of occupational therapy services.
**Manager Role.** The occupational therapy manager plans, organizes, implements, staffs, directs, and evaluates occupational therapy services; coordinates these functions with other health, education, and work-related services; and promotes understanding of occupational therapy services. Graduates will demonstrate the ability to:

- use data when making resource and program management decisions and apply management principles and strategies to direct occupational therapy services
- relate the roles and functions of occupational therapy to other health care services and describe the influence of external factors, such as demographic trends, public laws, health care policies, and reimbursement policies on health care services.

**Contributor Role.** The occupational therapy contributor has a professional responsibility to recognize and influence health care within the context of world, national, state, community, and work environments. Contributors participate in the development and application of a scholarly body of knowledge within occupational therapy practice. A graduate will demonstrate the ability to:

- recognize, integrate, and discuss issues pertaining to public health and occupational therapy practices, and articulate methods to effect change;
- find, analyze, and integrate scholarly works from both occupational therapy and other appropriate sources; design, implement, and disseminate beginning level research projects as well as articulate the basics of grant writing.

Based on our curriculum design, the content of the curriculum is organized in the curriculum matrix in Table 1.
Table 1. Matrix of the University of Pittsburgh Master of Occupational Therapy (MOT) Curriculum Design and Curriculum Content.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROLES</th>
<th>Practitioner</th>
<th>Manager</th>
<th>Contributor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Environment Factors (physical, social, attitudinal)</strong></td>
<td>Analyzes the influence of the environment on occupational functioning and makes recommendations</td>
<td>Plans, establishes &amp; manages organizational, educational &amp; community environments</td>
<td>Uses research evidence to identify &amp; influence health within multiple environments; advocates for access to OT services for clients in need</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participation / Participation Restriction</strong></td>
<td>Evaluates &amp; intervenes for factors that enable or restrict full participation of consumers of OT services</td>
<td>Considers social, economic, political, legislative &amp; policy issues to plan, establish &amp; manage service delivery systems that promote participation of OT consumers &amp; disability populations</td>
<td>Uses &amp; designs research to examine factors that enable full participation of individuals &amp; populations &amp; disseminates findings to consumer, professional, regulatory and health policy groups</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Activities / Activity Limitations</strong></td>
<td>Analyzes everyday activities &amp; occupations. Evaluates &amp; intervenes for factors that enable or limit expected, required, or desired activities/occupations of consumers of OT services</td>
<td>Plans, establishes, &amp; manages resources &amp; service delivery systems that reduce activity limitations &amp; promote activities for OT consumers &amp; disability populations</td>
<td>Uses &amp; designs research to examine factors that enable activities &amp; occupations of individuals &amp; populations, &amp; disseminates findings to consumer, professional, regulatory and health policy groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Body Functions &amp; Structures / Impairment</strong></td>
<td>Evaluates &amp; intervenes for factors that influence optimum health as well as deviations and loss of functions/structures</td>
<td>Plans, establishes, &amp; manages resources &amp; service delivery systems that reduce impairments &amp; promote healthy function of body functions/structures for OT consumers &amp; disability populations</td>
<td>Uses &amp; designs research to examine factors that prevent deviations &amp; loss of functions/structures to promote health of individuals &amp; populations, &amp; disseminates findings to consumer, professional, regulatory and health policy groups</td>
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*International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health*
FIELDWORK LEVEL I

Fieldwork education is a crucial part of professional preparation and is integrated as a component of the curriculum design. It is an extension of the MOT program within the clinical/community setting. The fieldwork experience provides the MOT student with the opportunity to learn professional responsibilities by having them modeled by qualified and experienced personnel and to practice these responsibilities under supervision.

Fieldwork Level I is integrated into OT 2115 – Developmental Theory and Practice (Term 5) and is designed to enrich didactic coursework through direct observation and participation in selected aspects of the occupational therapy process and prepares students for Level II Fieldwork. Information from the course syllabus is included below.

The didactic and laboratory components of the course facilitate students’ acquisition of knowledge and skills for attainment of course objectives. The fieldwork component provides an opportunity for application of knowledge and skills as appropriate.

OT 2115 – DEVELOPMENTAL THEORY AND PRACTICE

Course Description
The occupational therapy process for children is studied in-depth. Theories, principles, assessments, and interventions focus on the performance of activities and routines of daily living and societal participation. Clinical reasoning skills for making diagnostic judgments and planning interventions are emphasized. Experiential learning is provided in a laboratory setting and reinforced in fieldwork.

Relationship Of This Course To The Curriculum Design:
This course integrates and builds on the content from previous coursework and presents new material on pediatric habilitation and rehabilitation while addressing pediatric occupations. The content of this course concentrates primarily on preparing the student for the practitioner role (P), by learning the use and administration of pediatric assessments (including their psychometric properties) and design of pediatric habilitative and rehabilitative interventions, inclusive of integrating caregivers and community resources. Additional experiential learning is provided in Level I fieldwork. The manager role (M) is addressed by discussing how a practitioner manages a pediatric caseload, including the collaboration and supervision of occupational therapy assistants and provision of adaptive pediatric equipment. An additional assignment that addresses the contributor role (C) is the weekly contribution by each student of an evidence-based practice abstract/article in class. The content of this course relates to the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF) levels of body structures, body functions, activity, participation and environment of pediatric clients with orthopedic, neurological and neurobehavioral conditions.

Course Outcome:
Upon completion of this course the student will develop the clinical skills needed in a variety of pediatric settings for planning evaluations, administering and interpreting assessments, interpreting and documenting assessment findings, providing occupational therapy interventions based on individualized long and short-term behavioral objectives, relating all findings and progress to allied professionals, and promoting competent parent participation and advocacy.

Specific Course Objectives:
1. Describe and discuss occupational therapy in pediatric rehabilitation practice settings, diagnostic populations, client and environmental factors, collaboration with interprofessional team members, and the occupational therapy clinical reasoning process (screening and evaluation, intervention and transition planning, documentation, and referrals).
2. Describe and apply human development and the major principles of conceptual models used in pediatric practice settings.
3. Demonstrate the ability to accurately and effectively screen and evaluate pediatric clients to determine their need for occupational therapy services.
– Demonstrate the ability to understand the client’s and family’s needs and wants through completion of an occupational profile.
– Demonstrate the ability to select and administer appropriate assessment tools.
– In addition to impairments, activity limitations, and participation restrictions, consider the influence of client and environmental factors that influence occupational performance.
– Formulate occupational therapy diagnoses to focus and guide intervention plan development, implementation, and outcomes evaluation.
– Demonstrate the ability to analyze, interpret and document evaluation results (i.e., criterion-referenced and norm-referenced standardized assessments) as it pertains to the client’s occupational performance and desired outcomes.
– Understand the consultative, care coordination, and case management processes used in pediatric practice settings, including referrals to specialists.

4. Interpret and apply evaluation results to develop, implement and document client-centered occupation-based intervention plans to promote participation with pediatric clients.
– Demonstrate the appropriate selection and presentation of culturally-relevant occupation-based interventions consistent with the client’s and family’s needs and wants, and desired outcomes.
– Demonstrate the appropriate use of technology and adaptations to the environment.
– Demonstrate the knowledge of when and how to appropriately use handling techniques and preparatory methods in the occupational therapy intervention plan.
– Demonstrate the knowledge of when and how to appropriately manage feeding, eating, and swallowing issues in the occupational therapy intervention plan.
– Integrate medical and safety precautions into the occupational therapy intervention plan.
– Demonstrate appropriate cueing and use of the teaching-learning process to promote optimal learning based on the client’s performance.
– Monitor and reassess the effects of occupational therapy intervention, and develop and implement transition and discharge plans for home and community as appropriate.

5. Demonstrate an understanding of how to maintain clear, therapeutic, effective, and professional communication and interactions (written, oral, and non-verbal) with clients, caregivers, and other members of the interprofessional environment.

6. Discuss supervision and collaboration with the occupational therapy assistant in the application of occupational therapy process in pediatric practice settings.

7. Critically evaluate, synthesize and apply evidence as it relates to pediatric assessments and interventions.

8. Consistently demonstrate professional behaviors and participation as reflected in the American Occupational Therapy Association Standards of Practice for Occupational Therapy and the Occupational Therapy Code of Ethics and Ethics Standards.

9. Apply knowledge of course content to practice, and develop understanding of the needs of clients through participation in Level I fieldwork.

10. Follow policies, procedures, and documentation methods in the completion of Level I fieldwork assignments.